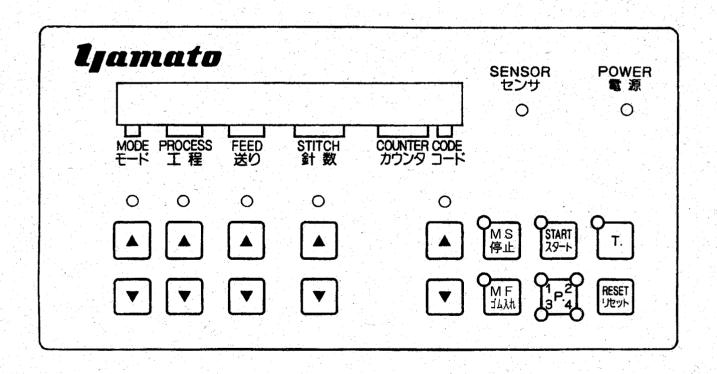
# Ljamato

# INSTRUCTIONS **FOR** "EU20" & "AU20" DEVICE

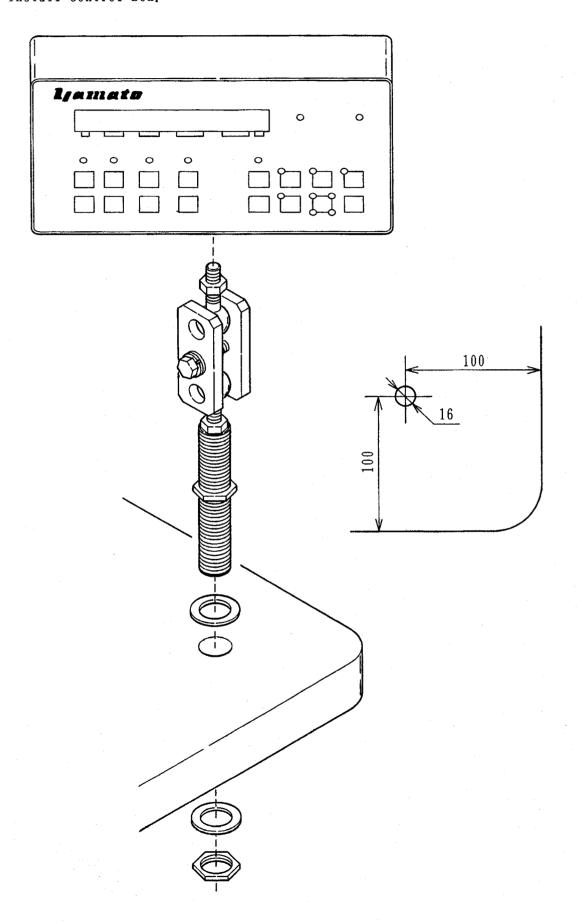


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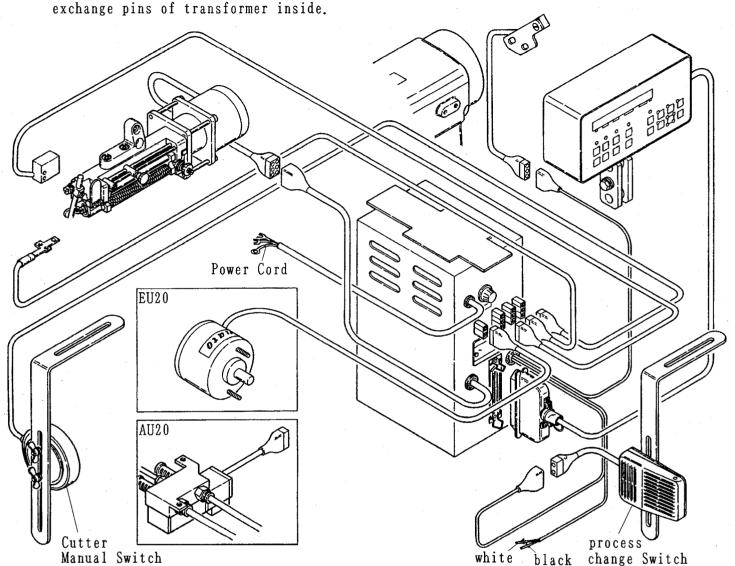
#### 1. Installation of Control Box

Bore setting hole ( $\phi$  16) for Control Box referring to the illustration. And install Control Box.



#### 2. Wiring to Power Box

Connect each connectors to the corresponding ones. The standard power voltage is 200V. In case of using other power voltage,

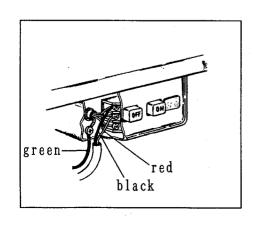


- \* Connection of Power Cord
  Connect red and black cords to Power Switch.
  Green cord is an eath line and connect it to another Screw as shown in the illustration below.
- \* In case of auto-stopping by using Electronic Motor white pin····insert into the stop signal of Electronic Motor. black pin····insert into "OV" of Electronic Motor.

Note: When connecting cords to Power Switch, connect them to motor side terminals

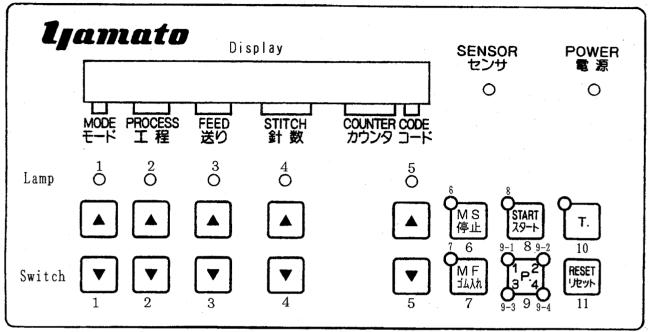
Change Power Fuse according to the voltage, select the capacity of fuse referring to the table below.

power voltage	capacity of fuse
100V	4A
200V	2 A
220V	2 A
380V	1A



#### 3. Designation and function of Control Panel

Mode  $A \sim Z$  can be used for this machine and each mode can be divided into 20 processes. A mode corresponds to one work piece and the process can be set every time the pulling amount changes.



#### 3-1 Explanation of Control Panel

#### (1) Display

This part shows the present control condition by the numerals and alphabets displayed on this part.

(2) Lamp(1, 2, 3, 4 and 5)
The Switches under the lighted lamp can be actuated.

#### (3) Switches

When pressing  $\triangle$  of the following Switches the number increases and pressing  $\blacktriangledown$  the number decreases.

★ Mode Switch(1) Mode A~Z can be selected by this Switch.

#### \* Process Switch(2)

Process changes from 1 to 20 by this Switch. At the same time, feed amount, needle number and code at that process are displayed. At the teaching, the set feed amount, needle number and code are memorized by pressing this Switch.

#### \* Feed Switch(3)

Feed amount can be changed by this Switch. By pressing this Switch continuously, the number increase or decrease at high speed automatically.

\* Stitch Number Switch(4)
Stitch number can be changed by this Switch. By pressing this Switch continuously, the number increases or decreases at high speed automatically.

#### \* Code Switch(5)

Code can be changed by this Switch.

This code determines the cutting time—at sewing start or sewing finish; or determines whether process change should be made by Knee Switch or by stitch number.

		Cutter at	Cutter at								
Code	process change	sewing	sewing	function, etc.							
		start	finish								
A	Knee Switch	OFF	OFF	By detecting sewing finish, the process							
	Muse parton	OFF	OFT	proceeds to the next process.							
$ _{B} $	Knee Switch	ON	OFF	By detecting sewing finish, the process							
	MICC SWITCH	011	OII	proceeds to the next process.							
				By detecting sewing finish, the process							
c	Knee Switch	OFF	ON	proceeds to the next process.							
$  \ \  $	mico owitch			Cutting at the sewing finish after							
				stopping of machine. ————————————————————————————————————							
		·		By detecting sewing finish, the process							
D	Knee Switch	ON	ON	proceeds to the next process.							
	111100 BW110011			Cutting at the sewing finish after							
				stopping of machine. ————————————————————————————————————							
ΙEΙ	stitch number	OFF	OFF	Count when fabric covers Sensor.							
	& Knee Switch			Count when rubite covers beinger.							
F	stitch number	ON	OFF	Count when fabric covers Sensor.							
	& Knee Switch		<b>V11</b>								
	stitch number	OFF	22-	Count when fabric covers Sensor.							
G	& Knee Switch		ON	Cutting at the sewing finish after							
		1		stopping of machine. <u>%1</u>							
, ,	stitch number	OM	OM	Count when fabric covers Sensor.							
H	& Knee Switch	ON	ON	Cutting at the sewing finish after							
			• •	stopping of machine. <u>**1</u>							
	a4:4.hh	Regardless	of Optical	Sensor, always count when machine is							
	stitch number	rotating.									
	& Knee Switch	After counting out, the machine stops. %1									
	stitch number	Regardless of Optical Sensor, always count when machine is									
J	& Knee Switch	rotating. %1									
	W WHEE PAIRCH	Cutting after counting out and stopping of machine.									
	stitch number	Regardless of Optical Sensor, always count when machine is rotating.									
K	& Knee Switch										
				finish after stopping of machine.							
	When setting this code, this process does not operate, instead it returns to										
	1st process.										
	But during sewing. it keeps feeding amount of previous process and when the										
	machine stops it returnes to 1st process for example, when the sewing										
	finishes at 3rd process, it must be set Code ■ for 4th process.										

<sup>(\*1)</sup> Machine stops only at the time of using Electronic Motor and set the data number 01 of function to 1. And at the time of teaching, Cutter does not operate by code J or K. At this time operate the cutter manually.

 $<sup>(\</sup>divideontimes2)$  The above Code I, J and K should be used only when using Electronic Motor.

- \* Motor Stop Switch(6)
  When pressing this Switch, VF2429 OOOO RPM appears on display and Lamp 6 lights. And at the sewing, Feed Motor does not rotate, and the r.p.m. at that time is displayed.
- \* Tape Insert Switch(7)
  While pressing this Switch, Feed Motor rotates.
- \* Start Switch(8)
  When pressing this Switch, Lamp 8 lights. (It is in this condition when power Switch is turned on.)
  Sewing is possible when this Lamp lights. At this time, the process can be changed.
- \* P. Switch(9)
  When the machine stops, if this Switch is pressed, Lamp 9-1, 9-2, 9-3 and
  Lamp 9-4 lights in this order.
- ★ Lamp 9-1
   When this Lamp lights, mode, process, feed, stitch number and code can be changed. The change is made by pressing Switch 1, 2, 3, 4 and 5.
- ★ Lamp 9-2
   The display changes and data of Timer can be changed. (Refer to 4-1.)
   Example: T-OO FRONT O5
   Timer number can be changed by Process Switch(2) and Timer data can be changed by Code Switch(5)
- Lamp 9-3

  The display changes and the data of switch can be changed. (Refer to 4-2.)

  Example: S-OO H. FEED

  Switch number can be changed by Process Switch(2) and 1, 0 of the switch can be be changeed by Code Switch(5).
- The display changes and various functions can be selected. (Refer to 4-3.)

  (This can be done only when Switch 4 is turned ON. (turn upward.)

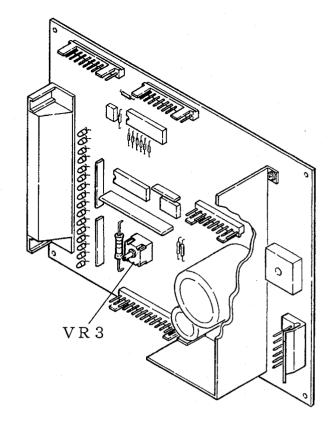
  Example: F-OO ENGLISH

  Function number can be changed by Process Switch(2) and Function Selection can be changed by Code Switch(5).
- \* T. Switch(10)
  Change Switch to teaching mode.
  When pressing this, Lamp 10 blinks.
  When Lamp 8 and Lamp 10 light, it operates as teaching mode.
  Feed and code can be set while sewing.
  When process change is made by stitch number automatically, (Code E, F, G, H, I, J, and K) counter(indicate stitch number) on display increases by sewing.
  And the number of counter is memorized by pressing process Switch(2).
  (Former number is renewed.)
- \* Reset Switch(11)

  If this Switch is pressed when machine stops, the process returns to "1".

(4) Sensor Lamp
This lamp lights when Sensor
(Emission Catcher) is covered
with fabric and puts off when
uncovered.
Sensitivity adjustment of Sensor
is made by VR3 in Power Box.

- ① Align the axes of Light
  Emitter and Emission Catcher.
- ② Return the variable resistor VR3 to "0".
- ③ Turn VR3 clockwise stowly to light Sensor Lamp and set it beyond 0.5~1 graduation further.
- (5) Power Lamp
  This lights when power is turned on.



(6) Inner Switch(in Control Box)

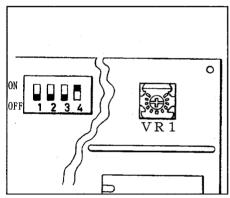
Switch(1) no use Switch(2) no use

Switch(2) no use
Switch(3) AU Device (ON) /EU Device (OFF)
When Power is turned on, this
indicate whether the program
operates as AU Device or as EU
Device according to the condition
of this Switch.
Adjust it to the machine to be

Adjust it to the machine to be used.

Switch(4) P. 4 Reception possible(ON)/
Impossible(OFF)
"ON" indicates turning this Switch
upward condition.

(7) VR1 Adjust brightness and Contrast of display.



#### 4. Kind of data

There are 20 items for each, but items other than below are spare.

### 4-1 Data for Timer, etc. (2 digits of the left number is Timer No.) Display

- ☆ Stitch number from the detection of sewing start to the operation of Cutter.
- Stitch number from the detection of sewing finish to the operation of Cutter.

  (In case of using an electronic motor, Cutter operates after counting out this stitch number.)
- ☆ Operating time of EU 20 Device. 0.025 second for 05 and 0.05 second for 10.
- ☆ Set number on this Timer when sewing mesh material.
  If Cutter mal-functions, increase the number.
- ☆ In case of using electronic motor, this sets the time from the stop of machine to the operation of Cutter.
  Set it 3~6.
  The smaller the number, the earlier the Cutter operates after the stop of machine.
  With too small the number, the Cutter will operates before the stopping of machine.
- ☆ Correction of feed amount for the speed over 3,000 r.p.m..
- $\approx$  Correction of feed amount for the speed over 4,000 r.p.m..
- $\updownarrow$  T-07 $\sim$ T-19 is spare.

T-00 FRONT

T-01 REAR

T-02 CUTTER TIM

T-03 MESH TIM

 $\mathsf{T}-\mathsf{O4}$  STOP TIN

T - 0.5 COR 3000

T-06 COR. 4000

#### 4-2 Data of Switches

☆ 1···Greater speed of Feed Motor at the sewing.

0...Lesser speed of Feed Motor at the sewing.

It shows the stitch length (mm/stitch) fed by motor when feed amount is set from 00 to 99.

But it is only standard and varies according to the fabric to be sewn.

	Display
S - 00	H. FEED

feed amount	stitch length (for 1)	
	(mm)	(mm)
0.0	1	0.36
10	1.32	0.68
20	1.63	1
30	1.94	1.32
40	2.26	1.63
50	2.58	1.94
60	2.89	2.26
70	3.20	2.58
80	3.52	2.89
90	3,83	3.20

 $$\Rightarrow$ S-01\sim S-19$ is spare.$ 

#### 4-3 Data of function

- ☆ Selection of English(1) or Japanese(0) on display.
- ☆ Using of Electric Motor(1)

  Using of Clutch Motor(0)

  If it is not set correctly, there may be cases that cutter does not operate or machine does not stop at sewing finish.

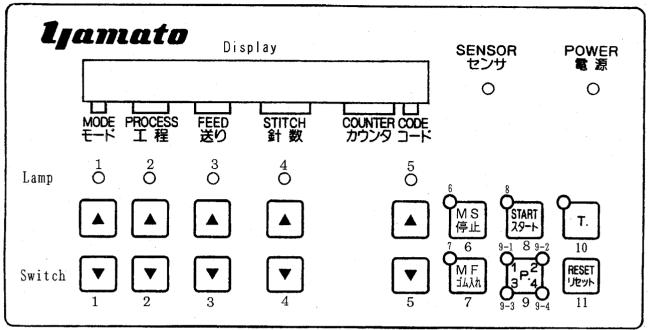
Note: When set to 1, connect stop signal line in Power Box to the stop command input of Electronic Motor without fail.

☆ F-02 $\sim$ F-19 is spare.

F-00 ENGLISH

F-01 ELE MOTOR

#### 5. Examples of usage



5-1 Setting of Timer Message(Example of display is shown to the right.)

- (1) Turn on Power Switch.
- ② Press P. Switch(9) twice.
  Data of Timer, etc. can be changed.
- 3 Press Code Switch(5) to display 05.
- 4 Press Process Switch(2).
- ⑤ Press Code Switch(5) to display 15.
- (6) Press Process Switch(2).
- (7) Press Code Switch(5) to display 10.
- (8) Press Process Switch(2).
- (9) Press Code Switch(5) to display 10.
- (10) Press Process Switch(2).
- 11) Press Code Switch(5) to display 05.

That sets 5 stitch for FRONT 15 stitch of REAR 10(0.05sec) for CUTTER 10 for MESH and 5 for STOP TIM.

- Press P. Switch(9).
  With that, data change of switch becomes possible.
- (3) Press Code Switch(5).
- (4) Press P. Switch(9).
  With that, data change of function becomes possible.
- (15) Press Process Switch(2).
- (6) Press Code Switch(5).
- 17 Press Start Switch(8).

S-00 H. FEED 0

T-0.4 STOP

0 5

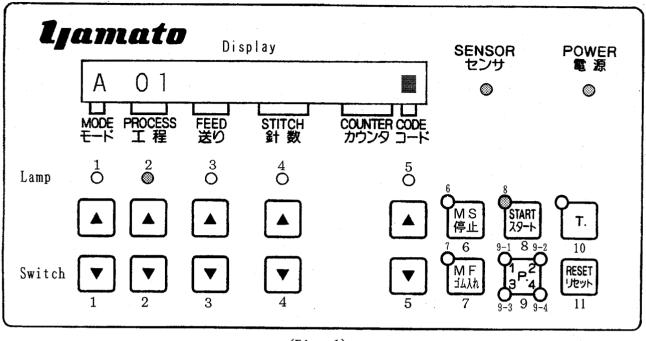
F-00 ENGLISH

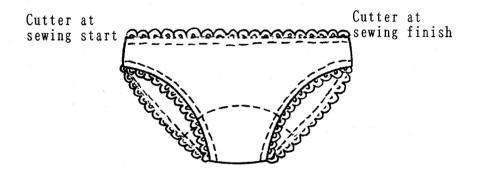
F-01 ELE MOTOR 0 F-01 ELE MOTOR 1

A 01 30

With that, feed speed is set to faster side and Electronic Motor specifiation is set.

#### 5-2 Example of setting for sewing



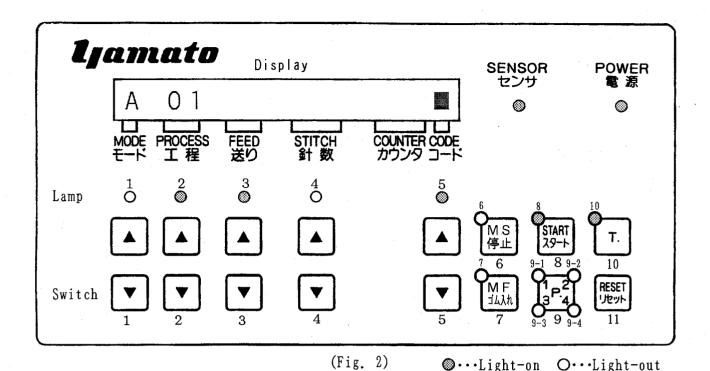


#### (Example 1)

Using only one kind of feed amount and operate Cutter at sewing start and sewing finish.

Set Control Panel following the procedure below:

- 1. Turn "ON" Power Switch.
- 2. Lamps on Control Panel of Power, Sensor, Process and sewing start light. (Fig. 1)



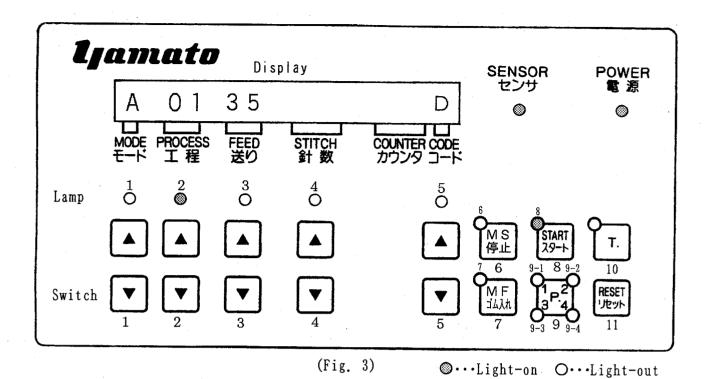
- Press T. Switch(10). (Fig. 2) Lamp(10) lights.
- 4. Input Cord D to operate Cutter at sewing start and sewing finish.

  Note: In case of Code A, B, C, D and ■

  stitch number cannot be inputted despite the Lamp for stitch number lights.
- 5. Input feed amount of elastic tape (30). When continue to press Switch ▲, the amount increases rapidly.



A 01 30 D



6. Make sewing test.

Set suitable feed amount by operating
Feed Switch(3) to ensure the proper feed
amount of elastic tape against garment
body while sewing.

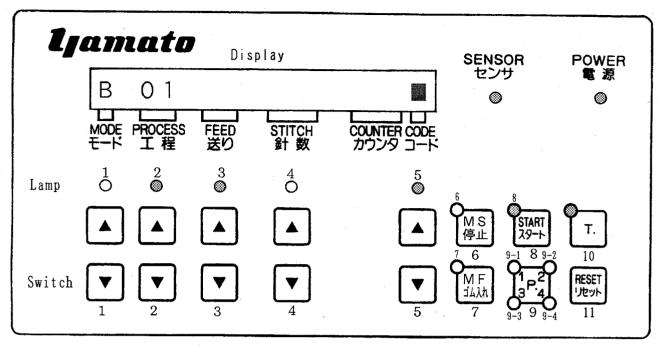
A 01 35 D

- 7. Set Process to 02 by pressing Process Switch(2).
- 8. Press T. Switch(10) to conclude teaching. (Fig. 3)

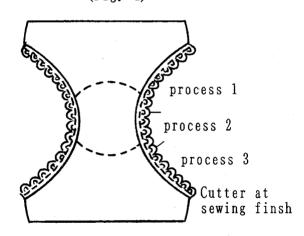
A 01 35 D

Next sewing is made by only turn Power on.

Note: When turn Power on, the condition before turning off of Power is displayed.



(Fig. 4)



#### (Example 2)

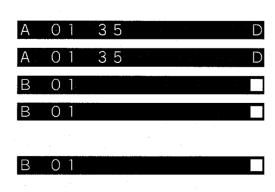
When sewing leg hole, use 3 kinds of feed amount and operate Cutter at sewing finish.

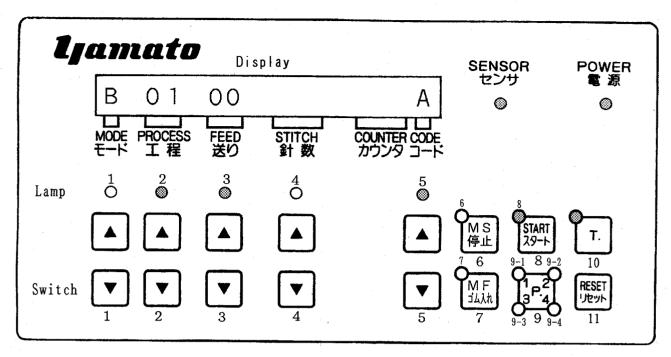
In case of applying three kinds of feed amount and operating "Rear Cut", use mode B and change the process by counter to 2nd process. Set Control Panel following the procedure below:

- 1. Turn "ON" Power Switch.
- 2. Press P. Switch(9).
- 3. Press Mode Switch(1) to get mode B.
- 4. Press Start Switch(8).

With that, the mode is set to B.

5. Press T. Switch(10) to make it "teaching". (Fig. 4)





(Fig. 5)

Setting of 1st process

- 6. Set the code to A by Code Switch(5). (Fig. 5)
- 7. Adjust Feed Switch(3) while sewing.
- 8. After that, press Process Switch(2) to set 2nd process.

Setting of 2nd process

- 9. Set the code to E by Code Switch(5).
- 10. Adjust Feed Switch(3) while Sewing.
- After that, press Process Switch(2) to set 3rd process.
   (By doing so, the numeral of counter is memorized.)

B 02 00 000 000E B 02 02 000 045E B 03

00

Setting of 3rd process

- 12. Set code to C by Code Switch(5).
- 13. Adjust Feed Switch(3) while Sewing.
- 14. After that, press Process Switch(2) to set process to 4.
- 15. Press T. Switch(10) to finish teaching.

Next sewing is made by only turn Power on.

Note: When turn Power on, the condition before turning off Power is displayed.

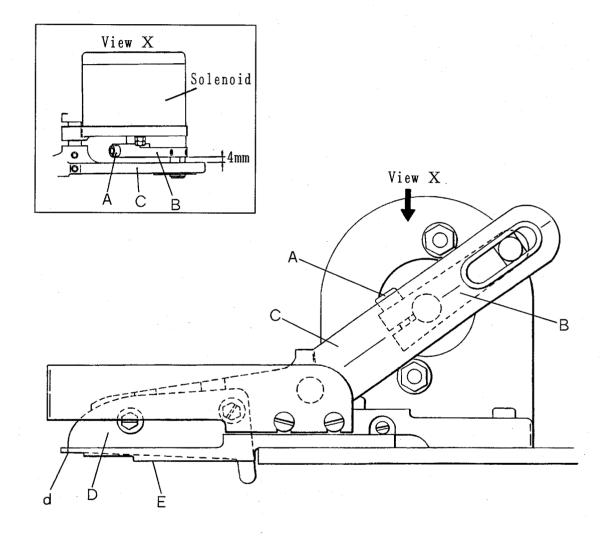
## 6. Adjustment of "EU20" Cutter Device 6-1 Adjustment of Upper Cutting Knife

Loosen Screw(A) and provide a clearance of about 4mm between Upper Cutting Knife Connecting Lever(B) and Upper Cutting Knife Holder(C), then tighten Screw(A) tentatively. [Refer to the illustration, Viewed from(X).]

Next, energize Solenoid and make sure that when Cutter(Upper) descends, corner (d) of Upper Cutting Knife is flush with undersurface of Cutter(E) as illustrated.

If it is not, adjust by loosening Screw(A) and moving Connecting Lever(B). (When energize Solenoid after descending Cutter(Upper) (D) manually lowermost, the position of Cutter(Upper) can be seen correctly.)

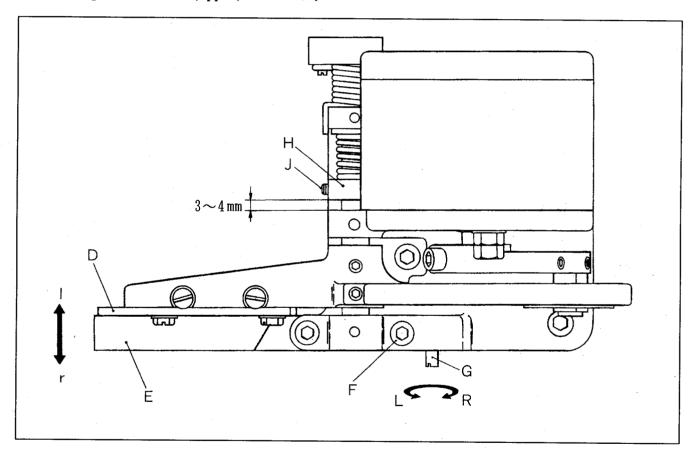
After adjustment, fix Connecting Lever(B) with Screw(A).



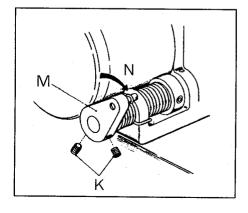
#### 6-2 Engagement strength of Upper and Lower Cutting Knife

- ① The adjustment of engagement strength of Upper Cutting Knife(D) and Lower Cutting Knife(E) is made by loosening Screw(F) and turning Screw(G). When turning Screw(G) to the right (direction R), Lower Cutting Knife shifts to direction(r) and the strength of engagement becomes weak; and turning Screw(G) to the left (direction L), Lower Cutting Knife shifts to direction(I) and the strength of engagement becomes strong.
- ② The adjustment of pressure to press Upper Cutting Knife is made by loosening Screw(J) for Cutter(Upper) Press Spring Collar(H).

  The proper position of Pressing Spring Collar(H) is 3~4mm from Cutting Device Basement.
- ③ When Upper Cutting Knife(D) does not return after descending, loosen Screws(K) turn Return Spring Latch(M) to direction(N) little by little so that Upper Cutting Knife returns. At this time take care not to make the returning strength of Cutter(Upper) too much.



- \* When the sharpness of Cutting Knives are not sufficient, check the following items:
  - ☆ Is the engagement of Upper and Lower Cutting Knife proper?
  - ☆ Are Upper and/or Lower Cutting Knives worn out?
  - ☆ Does the blade of Upper Cutting Knife descend to be flush with undersurface of Lower Cutting Knife?
  - ☆ Is the pressure on Upper Cutting Knife proper?



7. Adjustment of "AU20" Cutter Device

7-1 Adjustment of cutting angle of Knives

The cutting angle of Knife has been adjusted at  $30' \sim 1^{\circ}$  at the time of shipment.

If the re-adjustment is necessary owing to the replacement of Knife, loosen Screws(A) and (B), remove Cutting Device and loosen Screws(C) and (D) of Lower Cutting Knife then adjust the angle at  $30'\sim 1^\circ$ 

When setting Cutting Device, to prevent Lower Cutting Knife from shifting, contact front face of Lower Cutting Knife to the side of Stitch Plate and fix it with Screws(A) and (B).

Note: Because the cutting angle is an important factor affecting the sharpness of Knives, adjust the angle correctly.

7-2 Adjustment of Upper Cutting Knife pressure
After loosening Lock Nut(E), turn Adjusting Screw
(F) to the right to strengthen the pressure and to
the left to weaken the pressure.
The pressure should be adjusted according to the

firmness and the thickness of tape.
For the durability of cutter, the pressure shoul

For the durability of cutter, the pressure should be as weak as possible so long as the tape can be cut satisfactory.

